

INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH GROUP ON CHAROPHYTES

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EDITORIAL

The year 2004 was crowned by the very successful 4th International Symposium on Extant and Fossil Charophytes, held in Robertson, New South Wales, Australia. On behalf of the International Research Group on Charophytes and of the local Organising Committee, I would like to thank for their sponsorship the following organisations: GeoQuEST and the School of Earth and Environmental Sciences (University of Wollongong), Geosciences Australia, and the Australasian Association of Palaeontologists. Further support was provided by the Australian Society of Phycology and Aquatic Botany, the Australian Association of Limnology, and the International Palaeontological Association.

It is also a great pleasure for me to thank the Organising Committee and especially Adriana García who acted as the driving force and had spent countless hours to make the meeting such a success. Almost fifty delegates from fourteen different nations, including a large participation of colleagues from Asian countries, attended the meeting. Seeing the enthusiastic reports of young researchers in this issue, I would say 'it looks like they got the virus of the charophytes'.

Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche

NEW IRGC MEMBERS

We welcome colleagues who have joined our society in 2004! They are from Argentina (Eduardo Musacchio), Finland (Catherine Henricson), India (Usha Krishnan), Japan (Takashi Asaeda and Hidetoshi Sakavama). New Zealand (Mary de Winton), Puerto Rico (Michael Martinez-Colón), China (Jing Chen and Fei-hu Jiang), Taiwan (Jui-Yu Chou and Wei-lung Wang), and the new members from several states of Australia (Mary Beilby, Robert Dalton, Stewart Edgell and Peter Glasby). All of our new members participated in the 4th IRGC meeting in Robertson, Australia (for their addresses see the Directory of all members p. 15 this issue). We now have 132 members.

MINUTES OF THE 2004 GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly of the IRGC was held during the 4th IRGC Symposium at Ranelagh House, Robertson, NSW, Australia, on 27 September, 2004. The schedule and voting material were sent three months in advance to give all members the opportunity to vote (electronically or by post) and to suggest ideas for forthcoming activities.

IRGC's President Report

Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche welcomed the members and presented a short review of the activities and the development of the IRGC since our previous General Assembly in Nanjing, 2000. The number of members has increased to 132, with 32 new subscriptions. At present, our community comprises colleagues from 35 countries.

The IRGC's Secretary, Dr Michael Schudack (Germany) who could not participate in the meeting, sent a letter 'Greetings to the General Assembly' which was read by Ingeborg. Michael has been responsible for the production and mailing of the IRGC-NEWS for the past four years. He also has improved and updated the IRGC web-page during these years. Michael expressed his disappointment because he was unable to attend to the meeting at Robertson, and could not continue with his role as Secretary of the IRGC. He wrote 'unfortunately the duties of my job at the University of Berlin have changed and multiplied and, at least for the moment, prevent me from continuing my job as secretary of the IRGC'. He also reminded the General Assembly ...'send all news and information from the world of charophytes and from individuals to your new secretary because the success and impact of the newsletter totally depends on YOUR co-operation'.

IRGC's Treasurer Report

The IRGC's Treasurer, Dr. Emile Nat (The Netherlands) was also unable to attend the 2004 General Assembly, but his financial report was read to the audience and the accounts were unanimously approved. In his report, Emile recalled the difficulties of becoming a credit card acceptor because The Netherlands had increased the security measures. The system is now called PaySquare and every cardholder needs to supply his CVC II code as indicated on the membership payment form. Bank to bank transfers can also be accepted. The treasurer suggested that the membership fees vearly may remain unchanged at the amount of 10 Euros. However, all members are urged to pay their fees regularly at the beginning of every year so we can have a sound balance in the years to come! The membership fees serve primarily for circulating the IRGC-NEWS world-wide. This includes printing and mailing costs. The IRGC has a short credit balance at the end of the year that will allow some support for IRGC meetings.

During the General Assembly, it was discussed whether to circulate the IRGC-NEWS by e-mail. The audience clearly expressed its will, and decided that we shall continue circulating the IRGC-NEWS by ordinary mail, in the form of a printed Newsletter. The NEWSLETTER is a privilege of IRGC members. The payment of the membership fee is necessary to support our organisation and to keep the charophyte group working.

Election of the Executive Committee

According to our statutes, the Executive Committee of the IRGC has to be renewed every four years in conjunction with the venue

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of the IRGC Symposia (with the retiring committee elected during the previous General Assembly in Nanjing 2000). Three of the previous members were standing for reelection whereas Michael Schudack presented his resignation as IRGC Secretary. Adriana García (Australia) kindly accepted to be nominated for this vacancy.

Seventy (70) ballots were sent electronically, posted, or deposited in the ballot-box during the meeting (see comments 'about the elections' in this issue). After counting the votes, the new Executive Committee was elected as follows:

Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche (President) Carles Martín-Closas (Vice-President) Adriana García (Secretary) Emile Nat (Treasurer)

In addition, the following members were nominated and elected during the General Assembly to serve as Members-at-large:

Peter Glasby (Australia) Robin Scribailo (USA) Ken Karol (USA)

Regional Correspondents

The Regional Correspondents of the IRGC for the different parts of the world are as follows: **Michelle T. Casanova (Austral-Asia) Qi-fei Wang (China) Susanne Schneider (Europe) Richard McCourt (North America) Eduardo A. Musacchio (South- and Central America)**

The task of the Regional Correspondents shall be to collect relevant information about meetings, books, individuals etc. from their area and to forward it to the IRGC Secretary (see also '*Regional Groups of the IRGC*' in this issue).

Next IRGC Symposium

The General Assembly agreed that, after being on four continents, the 5th IRGC Symposium, in 2008, should come back to Europe. The Executive Committee asked Dr. Irmgard Blindow and Prof. Hendrik Schubert in advance, as to their willingness to organise our next Symposium. Irmgard and Hendrik are the leaders of the Baltic Charophyte Group and editors of the 2003 book "Charophytes in the Baltic Sea" (see presentation in IRGC NEWS 14, 2004).

We are happy to announce that they accepted to organise the 5th Symposium of IRGC. The meeting will take place in one of the university towns in north Germany (Rostock or Greifswald) both easily reached from either Berlin or Hamburg airports. Excursions will include a visit to sites to sample fossil Charophytes (Jurassic and Cretaceous) under the guidance of Dr. Michael Schudack, as well as the collection of living charophytes in the Baltic area.

OTHER BUSINESS DISCUSSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

<u>Publication of papers presented during the 4th</u> <u>IRGC Symposium</u>

Adriana García resumed the contacts she had taken concerning the editing of the symposium papers as a special volume of an international journal. Given the negative response by the Australian Journal of Botany, Hydrobiologia was proposed as a possible medium. The audience emphasised that the content of the special volume should reflect the wide range of topics presented at the symposium. On the understanding that also papers dealing with palaeontological aspects of charophyte research will be accepted, the proposal for Hydrobiologia found general agreement (see page 11 for details).

IRGC Web-site

As the new IRGC Secretary, Adriana García is responsible for updating the IRGC web-site, formerly maintained by Michael Schudack. The site has been transferred and is hosted at the School of Earth and Environmental Sciences, University of Wollongong.

Please take note of the new address: http://www.uow.edu.au/science/eesc/irgc/index

ISSN of IRGC News

The assembly agreed with the proposal by Carles Martín-Closas to provide IRGC NEWS

with an ISSN code in order to give a formal support to the contributions in the newsletter that allows them to be referenced as a Journal citation.

Discussion forum

Robin Scribailo proposed to set up a discussion forum on the internet where members will be free to exchange views and experience and find brand new information about charophytes between issues of the IRGC NEWS. The charophyte-L is ready to go! (see page 12).

Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche Carles Martín-Closas

ABOUT THE ELECTIONS

For the first time, the recent IRGC elections used electronic balloting, following the example of other international societies, i.e. the International Organisation of Palaeobotany (IOP). The percentage of participation was much higher than in previous elections which makes the new system very successful.

Fifty-four percent of the members (70 individuals) expressed their votes during the 2004 elections. Fifty-six percent of the ballots were received as an e-mail attachment; twenty three percent by traditional mail, especially from countries where e-mail connections are still deficient, and twenty one percent voted in person during the meeting in Robertson.

Dr. Qi-fei Wang (China), as a noncandidate, acted as the receiver of the ballots. The ballots received as an attachment were placed in a separate electronic folder dedicated to the IRGC-ballots. To prevent double voting and to verify the eligibility of each voter, the name of the sender was ticked on the membership list. The electronic ballots were then printed and brought to the General Assembly at the 2004 IRGC meeting in Robertson, Australia. This procedure assured the anonymity of the voters to be maintained. Ballots received by traditional post were also verified and then placed into the ballot-box available at the congress together with the envelopes of those members who preferred to express their vote during the meeting.

During the General Assembly, a group of members was designated to count the votes and the result was announced. The paper ballots are archived at the Laboratoire of Paléobotanique, University of Montpellier, which is Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche's home institution, and the legal domicile of the IRGC.

Qi-fei Wang Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche

REPORT OF PAST MEETINGS

4th Symposium of the IRGC (Scientific report, Pre-Symposium field-trip report, and Post-Symposium field-trip report)

<u>Scientific Report</u> <u>Ranelagh House, Robertson</u> <u>25 - 27 September, 2004</u>

This was my first conference with IRGC. I was introduced to IRGC by Chris Garvey from ANSTO. My background is in physics with specialization in electrophysiology. I have worked on charophytes all my professional life and so coming to IRGC conference was "coming home"! I have read papers by Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche and Ursula Winter and it was so rewarding to meet them in person. The conference introduced me to aspects of charophytes, which are new to me and which will give new dimensions to my research.

The program addressed a huge range of topics: classification of present and ancient charophytes; geography of charophyte communities in Australia, Balkans, Pyrenees, Morocco. Taiwan, England and USA: markers charophytes of climate, as composition and salinity of ancient lakes; the response of charophyte morphology to a range of environmental conditions; the use of charophytes for phycoremediation; charophytes as food for black swans, black bream and habitat for ostracods and amphipods; charophytes as electrophysiological models for higher plants; charophyte cell walls as models for higher plant cell walls and charophyte chirality.

Due to my background, some of the fine points of charophyte classification were lost on me, but I am learning! I enjoyed the ecological studies of the Myall Lakes, as I have visited the region before and was not aware of the intricacy of the lake plant community. I was interested to find out that *Lamprothamnium* is eaten by black swans and black bream and that ponds can be cleaned up by planting charophytes. The connection with paleobotany and geology is also very important for the central question of my research: Why is *Lamprothamnium* (and few other charophytes) so successful at being salt tolerant?

I am interested in using physics-type techniques in biological research. This prompted my new collaboration with Chris Garvey to probe cell walls with neutrons. We have all gasped with delight at the beautiful xray synchrotron imaging of charophyte oospores presented by Monique Feist.

All the talks were excellently presented and easy to follow. There were many slides of picturesque locations and stunning charophytes. It was a joy to see young people speaking confidently and enthusiastically about their Ph.D. and Bachelor Honours projects. After the lectures, there were lively discussions and practical tips by Vernon Proctor on how to grow charophytes. We could identify and admire charophyte samples, brought by participants.

Ranelagh House was perfect for a conference of this size (about 50 people, some driving in from Wollongong). One day of the conference was cold and foggy and it was so pleasant to have our coffee in front of the large fireplaces. The rooms were plain but comfortable and the garden and views were great. The food was lovely, almost too good!! The lecture room facilities were modern and easy to work and there was plenty of space to set up posters and microscopes to view charophytes.

To conclude, this was one of the best conferences I have taken part in. Many thanks to Adriana Garcia, Allan Chivas and the students from the School of Earth and Environmental Sciences, University of Wollongong, for a great time!

Mary Beilby (Australia)

<u>Pre-Symposium field trip Report</u> (to Lightning Ridge, NSW) 24-28 September

The flight took 18 hours from Puerto Rico (Caribbean) to Chicago (USA) to San Francisco (USA) to Sydney (Australia). It was a long and tiring trip but a few hours prior to our arrival I saw, for the first time, an awesomely beautiful twilight in the sky at a height of approximately 30 thousand feet. It was an amazing cocktail between a starlight night and an imposing sunrise. After our arrival Nupur Saini from the University of Wollongong was waiting at Sydney Airport to pick us up together with Catherine Henricson and Ursula Winter. Finally we reached our second destination which was Adriana's and Allan's house. After we got established and prepared our luggage for the next day field trip to Lightning Ridge, we met Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche and Eduardo Musacchio. Later in the afternoon, I finally met the organizers of the field trip and the congress. Adriana García and Allan Chivas, and the rest of the family. Wei-Tong Li managed to arrive at Adriana's house that evening too.

Early in the morning, we were ready for our journey to Lightning Ridge, about 850 km north from Wollongong, NSW. Eduardo Musacchio, Wei-tong Li, Shirley Mercado, Adriana García and myself, left from Adriana's house to Robertson, already installed in the bus driven by Geoffrey Black (from the University of Wollongong). We stopped at Ranelagh House, Robertson, the venue for the charophyte meeting, to pick up the rest of the field party: Catherine Henricson, Ursula Winter, Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche, Monique Feist, Oi-fei Wang and Carles Martín-Closas, while Henk Godthelp (the excursion's leader) and Prof Mary Beilby, joined us on the way. I was really excited because of the great collage of cultures (nationalities) of the participants and because all had a common interest: charophytes! On this road trip, I knew I was going to be around expert charophytologists, who gave their names to well-known fossil charophytes, Musacchiella (Eduardo Musacchio) and Feistiella (Monique Feist). During our travel Lightning Ridge. towards the main conversation was about charophytes and who was doing what and where. Some people were

discussing the situation of the IRGC group and what could be done in the future.

Our goal at Lightning Ridge was to look for fossil charophytes found in the opal mines. Based on fossil vertebrates and general geology, the age of these fluvial sediments has been established as early Cretaceous. During this trip I noticed and experienced the beauty of Australia's landscape and its fauna/flora. I saw for the first time Australian aborigines and examples of Australia's unique fauna and flora: kangaroos, emus, Eucalyptus savannah, and giant termite mounds, compared to the ones in Puerto Rico. The roads were long and solitary. Sometimes people in the bus were sleeping or reading but it was never quiet, especially because Wei-tong Li was talking either to me or Carles Martín-Closas or anyone who was awake. Something curious and funny was that almost in every single small lake or pond we passed, Dr. Soulié-Märsche would say out loud: 'oh!! charophytes'. This shows the passion this group of people has towards the study of such organisms. We passed by several small towns and some of them reminded me of old cowboy movies with only one main road flanked by buildings on both sides. One of the official stops was at the Three Sisters at Katoomba, Blue Mountains, to Henk Godthelp pick up (vertebrate palaeontologist expert) and Mary Beilby. The Three Sisters mountain was an eye opener of how magnificent Mother Nature has been to Australia's landscape. After a brief stop at the taking photographies lookout and we continued our journey to where we were to spend the night. We arrived at a motel in Gilgandra.

Early next morning we headed towards Lightning Ridge. At our arrival, Liz Smith (vertebrate palaeontologist living in the area) joined us for the journey. We visited an underground opal mine, open for tourists, and watched a video on the mining history of the area. Then we headed toward a claim (mine site) at Lightning Ridge, where Adriana García previously found opalized gyrogonites, after sieving sediments recovered from the subterranean mines. These remains are highly significant since they represent the first Lower charophytes Cretaceous known from Australasia and will help to reconstruct the charophyte biogeography of that important period. We scavenged around for charophytes,

apparently without luck, but we found opalized wood fragments and beautiful bits of opal but not economically interesting.

At dawn the next morning, we were only a few volunteers to go with Henk Godthelp to take pictures of kangaroos in the wild and explore another place for charophytes and opal. After that, we joined the others for breakfast and headed towards the mining processing areas to look around the tailings. I found a nice piece of opal, about 3 cm in length and naively showed it to the owner of the claim and he said that it was really a "nobby", as they call the good pieces, and put it in his pocket. At first I felt frustrated but then I realised that he makes his living from opal and that it was much more important for him than for myself. After two hours of playing opal miners, it was nearly time for lunch and after that we started our journey back to the motel.

The next day, Geoffrey, our funny but competent driver from the University of Wollongong, brought us back to Ranelagh House in Robertson. This field trip was a rewarding experience, not only because of what we might have found in terms of fossil charophytes and opal but by knowing colleagues from different cultures and countries. I will never forget Australia and I will never forget them.

Michael Martínez-Colón (Puerto Rico)

Post-Symposium field trip Report (to localities with extant charophytes, loop to Canberra, ACT) 28-30 September 2004

The field trip to localities with extant charophytes was made along a 600 km loop from Robertson (about 100 km southwest of Sydney) to Canberra and back, going southwest down the coast and back northeast along the inland highway. Charophytes were collected in six localities. The organisers of the trip were Allan Chivas and Adriana García, from the University of Wollongong, and David Wheeler was our kind driver, from the same institution. Apart from Adriana and Allan, and us, the fifteen other participants to the field trip were Jelena Blazencic, Monique Feist, Peter Glasby, Wei-Tong Li, Carles Martín-Closas, Michael Martínez-Colón, Shirley Mercado, Eduardo Musacchio, Vernon Proctor, Nupur Saini, Robin Scribailo, Ingeborg Soulié-Märsche, Branka Stevanovik, Qifei Wang and Ursula Winter.

The trip started from Ranelagh House in Robertson. Robertson is a small village in the Southern Highlands at an altitude of 370 m above the sea level. David drove the bus southwards across the open reddish landscape and through a forest with all kinds of strange Australian plants like grass trees. The first stop was at the beautiful Belmore Falls. We continued to the top of the falls where there was a shallow pond formed by Barrangarry Creek. We found our first charophytes, *Nitella tasmanica* and *N. leptostachys. N.* cf. *sonderi* also grows in this pond but could not be found this time.

Driving to Wollongong, we went down-hill on a winding road through Macquarie Pass where the rainforest still borders the road. After a short visit to the University of Wollongong we headed for Lake Illawarra. This is a vast (about 10 km in length and 5 km in width) shallow (max. depth 4 m) coastal lake which at times has a slight connection to the Tasman Sea, with fluctuating salinity. *Lamprothamnium succinctum* has been found in the lake, but the population is small, and far away from the shore. We saw some exotic birds, pelicans and black swans (believe it or not, they really do exist!).

On the way to Lake Wollumboola, we had some great views over the coastline. We mangrove-lined passed а estuary at Minnamurra, which is one of the southernmost areas where you can find mangroves. At the dramatic rocky coastline of Kiama we stopped by the Blow Hole. The name of the place is said to originate in the word Kiarama-a or Kiar-mai used by the early aboriginal inhabitants of the area and meaning "where the sea makes a noise". The shore, built up by volcanic rock (Permian lava), resembled a moon landscape. In the irregular black rock there was a deep hole. We stood there waiting for the performance, all cameras ready to get the perfect shot of the once in a lifetime event (or maybe once in half an hour). The ocean was breathing in and out through the hole and then suddenly there was a tremendous noise and a jet of sea spray blasted high up in the air just like a fountain or a geyser.

Lake Wollumboola is a coastal saline lake isolated from the sea by a sand barrier. Both the depth and the salinity vary but are normally around 4 m and 10-20 g L^{-1} . The lake is a very important habitat for migratory birds. Individual numbers of more than 20 000 birds representing 43 species have been counted in the locality. Lamprothamnium succinctum is dominating the vegetation in the lake. Other species occurring are Nitella verticillata, Ulva enteromorpha Ruppia sp., and Cladophora sp. We found a lot of L. succinctum, short and robust specimens in shallow water by the shore and long delicate specimens in deeper water. The brave guys with wetsuits, Peter and Robin, were snorkling to bring us some specimens from the deeper area.

Lamprothamnium succinctum and Nitella verticillata grow also in Swan Lake which we visited next, together with Ruppia sp., Ulva sp. and Cladophora sp. A very narrow, long winding inlet gives a connection to the sea which usually does not influence the lake. Swan Lake is in a condition close to natural. As the name indicates, the black swans thrive in the lake. What kind of music would Tchaikowsky have written for these strange birds? In the evening we arrived at the small town of Berry where we staved overnight at a nice old hotel built in the 1800s. After dinner some eager charophytologists were examining the first days treasures under microscope while others were too exhausted to stay up after all the nice experiences during the day.

The next morning we turned inland towards Canberra. David drove us through dry bush and steppe landscapes. In the bush we saw an impressively big, lovely red flower. It was the waratah, (Telopea speciosissima) a rare native flower, the floral emblem of the state New South Wales. On the steppe we saw some emus, the Australian variation of ostrich. One of them had six small young. The road through the bush turned tortuous and at one section there was a steep slope just beside the road. We arrived to the Shoalhaven River at Oallen Ford. Some frogs welcomed us by singing loudly. Shoalhaven River is a permanent freshwater river. One species of Chara (Chara fibrosa) and three species of Nitella (Nitella lhozkvi, Nitella sp. (sterile) cf. pseudoflabellata and N. gelatinifera were found growing on the sediment between small

stones. It was already afternoon when we continued towards Canberra, and then we saw the kangaroos! There are more kangaroos than people in Australia and they are a real danger in the traffic. They stand by the roads looking left, looking right and then they jump over the road no matter if there are cars passing or not. When we arrived in Canberra we had a tour around the city with our bus. We spent some time in the city and then we had dinner at an Asian restaurant. Some had problems with the chopsticks but Wei-Tong and Oifei felt quite at home, the personnel even found a chinesespeaking waitress so that Wei-Tong could make his complex orders in his own language. We had a good sleep and the next morning we went up on Mt Ainslie Lookout to see the view over the capital, before heading back northeast for new charophyte localities.

On the way back to Robertson we stopped at the Yass River, which is periodically totally dry. Now it had received some water only a short time before our visit so the charophytes had not got enough time to develop. We did not find any of the species occurring in the river (Chara fibrosa, Nitella stuartii and N. leptostachys) at our stop by Macs Reef Road. The next stop was at Lake George, which is also periodically dry. In 1823-1874 the lake was at its maximum depth, in 1920-1970 it dried up five times, in 1994-1997 it had only shallow water and since then it has been dry. Nitella ignescens was discovered as a new species in the lake in 1994. When there is water in the lake, it is fresh. Next stop was at Badgery's Lookout with a breathtaking view of the Shoalhaven River gorge, the same river that we had visited the day before. Still a bit further up we found the top of the falls, Badgery's Creek. It was an enchanted place with small waterfalls, pools, tree trunks fallen over the water and a small cave behind the falls. We found both Nitella leptostachys and Chara fibrosa in the small pools. N. cristata has also been found in this locality.

When we continued our trip it was getting dark again and the kangaroos showed up. We saw a few eastern grey kangaroos and one red-necked wallaby (a male). The last mentioned is quite rare among the 42 species of macropoda (bigfeet) and the males may be aggressive towards each other. The last locality to visit was Paddys River, a permanent freshwater river, which at times may have a slight salinity (0.1-0.2g L⁻¹). Charophytes found on the clay-rich sediment in this locality were *Nitella tasmanica*, *N*. cf. *sonderi* and one yet unidentified species. Other plants growing in Paddys River are Desmidiaceae and *Spirogyra* sp.

During the last stretch back to Robertson the volume in the bus was raised to high levels. We were having our last heated discussions about charophytes or something else before we had to say goodbye to each other. Many thanks to all the participants and to the Australian researchers for sharing their knowledge and showing us what this area has to offer in charophytes and experiences. We got to see so much during this trip, not only all the nice charophytes and the interesting localities they were growing in but also a glimpse of the fascinating nature in this huge country.

Catherine Henricson (Finland) Michelle Hindle (Australia)

32nd International Geological Congress, Firenze, Italy (August 2004)

This is usually a huge conference as it attracts geologists and palaeontologists from around the world and has invited talks, exposition areas (industry, geological surveys of different countries, academic book publishers, etc.). More than 20 field trips were offered covering different disciplines and ages within the More than geological sciences. 5,000 participants enjoyed the meeting and the beauties of Firenze. We participated mainly in the sessions dedicated to Quaternary oceanography and palaeolimnology, with special interest in the sessions dedicated to continental shelves.

Allan R. Chivas (Australia) Adriana García (Australia)

Quadrennial Meeting of the Chinese Micropalaeontological Society Sanya City, Hainan Province of South China, 12-17 November, 2004

Ninety-eight participants from twenty eight institutes and universities gathered in Sanya City from 12 to 17 of November to have their quadrennial meeting for the Chinese Micropalaeontological Society. Three days of scientific sessions and three days of field excursion provided good opportunities for the participants to exchange new ideas and progresses on micropalaeontology, and to enjoy the fantastic near-shore habitats and sightseeing. The newly elected committee of the Chinese Regional Group on Charophytes consists of Dr. Qi-fei Wang, Dr. Li-giong Lan and Dr. Ping Yang, coming from an institute, an university and an oil company respectively. We hope such allied committee will stimulate the multidisciplinary research on charophytes in China.

Qi-fei Wang (China)

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS

There are a large variety of meetings where Charophytologists can take an active part and promote the significance of our favourite plants. Make your choice:

10-12 May 2005

The **Permian and Triassic Playas Symposium** to be held in Montpellier, France under the auspices of the Geological Society of France.

Contact: Dr. Jean-Jacques Châteauneuf. Email: chateauboy @ wanadoo.fr Website:

http://sgfr.free.fr/rencontrer/seances/s05-05playas.html

23-27 May 2005

The **3rd International Congress on Environmental Change in Central Asia**. Organised by our colleague Michael Walther, at present head of Physical Geography and Environmental Sciences at the National University of Mongolia, the meeting will take place at Ulaanbaatar. Contact: <u>mwaltherub@magicnet.mn</u> Website:http://www.num.edu.mn/MOLARE

27-29 May 2005

The 2nd Meeting of the German Working Group on Characeae will be held in Karlsruhe, Germany.

Contact: A.Radkowitsch@t-online.de Website: http://www.biologie.unirostock.de/oekologie/agcd/

5-9 June 2005.

Shallow lakes in a changing world, Dalfsen, The Netherlands.

Contact: <u>e.lammens@riza.rws.minvenw.nl</u> Website: http///www.shallowlakes.net

5-10 June 2005.

The Society of Wetland Scientists invite wetland scientists from across the globe to Charleston, South Carolina for its **26th Annual International Wetlands Meeting** entitled "Coastal Plain Wetlands: Ecological, Landscape, and Regulatory Transformations" Contact William Conner, Conference Chair. Email; wconner@clemson.edu. website, http://www.sws.org/charleston2005/.

19-24 June 2005.

The American Society of Limnology and Oceanography (ASLO) will be holding its summer meeting in Europe in the famous town of Santiago de Compostela, Spain under the general theme of "A Pilgrimage Through Global Aquatic Sciences"

Contact: H.S. Lemay, Registration Coordinator and Meeting Manager

ASLO Business Office. E-mail: business@aslo.org

Website:

http://www.aslo.org/meetings/santiago2005/

17-23 July 2005

The **17th International Botanical Congress**, coinciding also with 100 years celebration of the IBC in Austria, will be held in the Austria Center Vienna. There are 31 options for excursions leading to important botanical places all over Europe. Famous fossil floras of the Triassic, Cretaceous and Miocene can also be visited.

Contact: see online registration form at Website: http://www.ibc2005.ac.at/

13-19 August 2005

The 8th International Phycological Congress Durban, South Africa.

Contact: Dr Stuart Sym, School of Animal Plant & Environmental Sciences, University of Witwatersrand. E-mail: the stuart@biology.biol.wits.ac.za Website: www.ipc8.org.za

August 2005

Meeting of the Chinese Regional Group on **Charophytes (CRGC)**

and 7th Biennial Meeting of Fossil Algal Association of China (FAAC)

The Fossil Algal Association of China will held its 7th biennial meeting in August of 2005 at Daging, the famous petroleum city in Heilongjiang Province, where the largest oil field of China is located. The sessions will include academic presentations and discussion, a visit to the production facilities to learn the process of oil production, and also an excursion to extinct volcanic craters and crater lakes. Within the frame of the FAAC meeting, the Chinese Regional Charophyte Group will arrange its own seminar to focus on charophytes and some administrative activities. For more information and arrangements, please contact Dr. Qifei Wang at Nanjing Institute of Geology and Palaeontology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, 39 East Beijing 210008 Nanjing, China. Road, Email: qfwang@nigpas.ac.cn (20Mb) or qfwanghm@hotmail.com (2Mb)

30 August –3 September 2005

The 5th Regional Symposium on Fossil Algae, will take place in Ferrara, Italy under the auspices of the International Fossil Algae Association (IFAA).

Contact: David Bassi E-mail: bsd@unife.it Website: http://www.ku.edu/~ifaa/home.html

12-15 September, 2005

The 15th International Symposium on Ostracoda, Berlin, Germany organised by our colleague Michael Schudack. As for the IRGC, both living and fossil Ostracoda are being considered.

E-Mail: schudack@zedat.fu-berlin.de userpage.fu-berlin/~palaeont/iso15.htm

26-30 September, 2005

The 9th International Conference on Salt Lake Research will be held in Perth, Western Australia, organised by our colleague Professor Jacob John from Curtin University. E-mail: J.John@curtin.edu.au

Websites: http://isslr.org

and http://muresk.curtin.edu.au/conference/ISSLR Brochure.pdf

4-7 January 2006

The 54th Annual Meeting of the British Phycological Society will be at the Marine Biological Association in Plymouth. Contact: Dr Alison Taylor. E-mail: arta@mba.ac.uk. http://www.brphycsoc.org/meetings.lasso

June 2006

The 9th Symposium on Mesozoic Terrestrial Ecosystems and Biota, Manchester UK http://homepage.mac.com/paulseden/MTE

6-11 September 2006

The 7th European Palaeobotany-Palynology **Conference** will take place in Prague, Czech Republic.

Contact: Stanislav Oplucil, Charles University, Prague. E-mail: <u>eppc2006@natur.cuni.cz</u> Web-site: natur.cuni.cz/eppc2006

September 2006

The 6th Australian Algal Workshop will take place at the University of Wollongong, Wollongong, Australia. The workshop is dedicated to the taxonomy of algae, with lectures and laboratory sessions, though ecology and palaeontology of Algae are also discussed. The strength of these workshops are their focus on identification of toxic algae and NATA regulations. Organisers: Dr Stephen Skinner and Dr Adriana García. Contact: Adriana García. E-mail:adriana@uow.edu.au

14-15 October 2006

The 14th Meeting of the Group of European **Charophytologists (GEC)** Barcelona, Catalonia (Spain)

First announcement

The aim of the above meeting is to bring together all researchers interested in Charophytes. All aspects dealing with both living and fossil Charophytes are being considered. The meeting will be held at Barcelona University, probably on 14-15 October 2006 and will include a field trip to localities with extant and fossil charophytes. A first circular will be sent in autumn 2005 to GEC members. Non-members should contact the organiser to receive further information.

Organiser: Dr. Jaume Cambra, Dept. Biologia Vegetal, Fac. Biologia, University of Diagonal, Barcelona. Av. 645. 08028 Barcelona. Catalonia. Spain. E-mail: jcambra@ub.edu.es

NEWS FROM THE REGIONAL GROUPS

Austral-Asian Charophyte Group (AACG)

At the IRGC meeting in Robertson, local members met to discuss the development of a regional group for the Australia-Asia-Pacific area. The aim of the group is to enhance contact and collaboration among members in the Asia-Pacific region, where many members are working in isolation in their own countries. Members from Japan, India, Taiwan, and Australia attended. The name was problematic, since so many cultures and countries and continents are involved. It was decided that it will function as an email group, with interested members sending their contact details to the co-ordinator of the group, Dr Michelle Casanova (Australia). Any notices of interest will be forwarded to the rest of the members, and the possibility of organising a regional conference was discussed. New members of IRGC in the region should contact Michelle if they wish to be included in the e-mailing list. and members of the group are encouraged to announce their publications and web site details to the group so that we can be aware of current knowledge and research.

Group of European Charophyte Specialists (GEC)

Over many years, the GEC was co-ordinated by Dr J.P. Berger, Geological Institute, University of Fribourg, Switzerland. However, due to the increasing scientific and administrative responsibilities of many of the GEC members, a change in the structure of coordination appeared to be necessary. Thus, during the 14th meeting of the GEC in October 2003, the European Group decided upon a rotating presidency assumed by the organisers of successive GEC meetings. The President now is Dr. Susanne Schneider, Limnological Station of the Munich Technical University at Iffeldorf, Germany. The next meeting is being organised in October 2006 by Professor Jaume Cambra-Sanchez and his Aquatic Ecology team of the Department of Plant Biology, University of Barcelona, Catalonia, Spain (see announcement this issue).

<u>Chinese Regional Group of Charophyte</u> <u>Specialists</u>

During the last meeting of the group, in November 2004, Dr. Qi-fei Wang, Dr. Liqiong Lan and Dr. Ping Yang were elected to serve for the regional committee. Coming from institute, university and oil company, respectively. We hope such allied committee will stimulate the multidiscipline research on charophytes in China.

PUBLICATION IN HYDROBIOLOGIA OF PAPERS FROM THE 4TH SYMPOSIUM OF IRGC (ROBERTSON, AUSTRALIA)

The journal Hydrobiologia has kindly accepted to publish as a special volume, including biological and palaeontological aspects, the papers presented at the 4th IRGC Symposium. Twenty-three participants expressed their willingness to submit manuscripts for consideration, and these persons have been contacted during February 2004 with some general instructions. Please, also read the instructions provided by Hydrobiologia on the web and follow them in content and style while preparing the ms. This will reduce the time to revise the papers and will also obviate rejection of papers (the Editor-in-chief of Hydrobiologia has the final word about acceptance of papers).

The deadline to receive the manuscripts is **31 May 2005**, which have to be sent to Adriana García, whereupon the manuscripts will be sent for review to a group of charophyte experts, checking also the English for those papers produced by non-native-English speakers.

We will keep in touch via e-mail during the process of editing of the special volume. As cross-referencing of papers within the volume is encouraged, once we have all the mss we will contact researchers having areas in common to see if such cross-referencing can be usefully encouraged.

Adriana García and Allan R. Chivas Guest Editors of *Hydrobiologia*

CHAROPHYTE-LIST

The 2004 General Assembly agreed about the need for a list server devoted to charophytes. Dr. Robin Scribailo (USA) has now established the system and it is almost ready to operate.

<charophyte-L> is an open forum for discussion about all aspects of Charophyte research.

All IRGC-members will soon receive an email with instructions how to subscribe and how to make use of the list server that will be hosted at Purdue University, Westville IN, USA.

CHAROPHYTES ON THE WEB

Members who would like to have their personal homepage connected with the IRGCweb site are invited to send relevant information to Adriana García.

The **IRGC** homepage is hosted at: http://www.uow.edu.au/science/eesc/irgc/index

The **GEC** homepage is hosted at: <u>http://userpage.fu-berlin.de/~palaeont/gec.htm</u>

Landelijk Informatiecentrum voor Kranswieren: (LIK): http://www.kranswieren.nl (in dutch)

The International Fossil Algae Association (IFAA): <u>http://www.ku.edu/~ifaa/</u>

The Charophycean Green Algae Home Page: <u>http://www.life.umd.edu/labs/delwiche/Charop</u>hyte.html

HISTORY OF CHAROPHYTE RESEARCH

Prof. Shui Wang: a pioneer of fossil charophyte research from China

In the Chinese catalogue of charophyte taxa, the name of Shui WANG, abbreviated to S Wang, is outstanding. Prof. S Wang, was one of the first researchers doing charophyte research in China.

Prof. S Wang was born on 16th May, 1921 in Gaochun County of Jiangsu Province. After his discontinuous high school and university education due to the social disturbance in China, he graduated from Peking University in July of 1948 with a major in geology. From 1948 to 1953, he worked at the Beijing Institute of Geological Investigation, on hydrodynamic engineering and geological exploration. In 1953, Prof. S Wang moved to the Nanjing Institute of Geology and Palaeontology and began his career on palaeobotany, especially on fossil charophytes.

The first fossil charophyte from China was reported by Prof. Yen-hao LU, a famous trilobite expert in China. He gave a preliminary introduction on the fossil charophytes obtained from Xinjiang and southern China, within three papers dedicated to trilobites (1944, 1945 and 1948).

In 1954, Prof. S Wang published his first paper on Devonian charophytes, which was the starting point for a career dedicated to their study. His publications and reports on fossil charophytes provided a helpful framework for the division and correlation of strata in oilbearing basins in China and covered many aspects of charophyte morphology, taxonomy, and biostratigraphy. In particular the assemblages and zones he established from the Cretaceous and Tertiary strata of Gansu, Qinghai and Jiangsu oil-productive areas, have been widely applied by oil companies and institutes during several decades. Besides formal publications, he produced many internal reports that solved many of the specific problems related with the drilling of the lacustrine sequences. The oil-bearing strata in China are mainly non-marine, thus charophytes have always played an important role in prospecting for oil. During 1960s China increased its investment in exploration and exploitation of non-renewable resources, which resulted in a large collection of fossil charophytes and the need to rapidly advance research on this group, with many of our colleagues starting their careers then.

Acting as a leading paleontologist on fossil charophytes, Prof. Wang organized several seminars and training courses at the Nanjing Institute of Geology and Palaeontology, to train colleagues from universities and oil companies in the identification of charophytes. To increase the understanding and application of charophytes, Prof. Wang prepared a catalogue of charophytes based on Chinese material and specimens published in English, French and German, which were translated into Chinese by him. Such translation and compilation was really hard work taking into consideration that there were no computers and photocopy machines available at that time. The total number of researchers on charophytes increased to more than 80 and some of them are still active working on charophytes and relevant fields.

Prof. Shui Wang showed great enthusiasm for charophyte research and the mentoring of young colleagues. All the people who had worked with him were attracted by his pleasant personality and felt sorrow that Prof. Wang died of lung cancer on the 9 January, 1975 at the age of 53. He is still missed by all the people who knew him.

- Wang, Sh. and Sh. Zhang, 1956: On the Occurrence of *Sycidium melo* var. *pskowensis* Karpinsky from the Devonian of Northern Szechuan. Acta Palaeontologica Sinica, 4(3): 381-386,1 pls.
- Wang Sh., 1961: Tertiary Charophyta from Chaidamu (Tsaidam) Basin, Qinghai (Chinghai) Province. Acta Palaeontologica Sinica, 9 (3):183-219, 7 pls.
- Wang Sh., 1965: Mesozoic and Tertiary Charophyta from Jiuquan Basin of Kansu Province. Acta Palaeontologica Sinica, 13 (3): 463-499,5 pls.
- Wang, Sh., R. Huang, Ch. Yang and H. Li, 1978: Early Tertiary Charophytes from Coastal Region of Bohai. Science Press, Beijing, pp.1-49, 23 pls.
- Wang, Sh., R. Huang, Z. Wang, X. Lin, Z. Zhang, X. Xu, 1982. Cretaceous and Cenozoic Charophytes from Jiangsu. Geological Publishing House, Beijing, 66 p., 28 pls.

Qifei Wang (China)

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Please check the e-mail list and address directory carefully. We particularly urge members to send any address changes (both surface mail and e-mail) to the IRGC-Secretary, Adriana García < adriana@uow.edu.au> to make sure you will receive any forthcoming information.

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